EO[illegible]2.12*12mm[illegible] [illegible]3[illegible] [illegible] ICAR ([illegible]) [illegible] ISO11784/11785 [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] ID [illegible] [illegible] 1.25x7mm[illegible]2.12x12mm[illegible]1.4x8mm[illegible]RFID[illegible] [illegible] ID [illegible] ISO [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]	RFID[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	2.12*12mm[illegible]1.4*8mm[illegible]3*15mm[illegible]
[illegible]	EM4305/NTAG216
[illegible]	125khz/134.2khz/13.56mhz
[illegible]	[illegible] (FDX-B)
[illegible]	IP67
[illegible]	6.86g([illegible])
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	EO[illegible]5[illegible]
[illegible]	6 [illegible] 1 [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] (ICAR)
[illegible]	[illegible]/[illegible]

How Does Animal Microchip Work?

1. Scan the pet to verify whether he or she has a microchip that has been previously implanted.

2. Scan the microchip pack to verify that the microchip is functional, and that the ID code matches the accompanying barcode lables.

3. Implant the microchip, then rescan the pet to verify that the microchip can be localized.

4. Do not forget to record the tracking number of the microchip.

Implantation Sites for Microchips

Microchips are most often implanted in animals as outlined in the diagrams above. When scanning dogs and cats, begin in the neck area where the microchip is most likely to be located, but be sure to scan slowly and patiently. Scan repeatedly and over the entire body to ensure whether or not a microchip can be localized.

□□□

WHY TAKE THE RISK?
GET YOUR PET MICROCHIPPED

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Company Introduction

Office

3,000 m² office, 250+ professional sales service you!

Shenzhen Great Creativity Smart Card Co.,Ltd.

Factory

12,000m² clean work shop, more than 500 staffs, strict QC system, full set of advanced machines for all kinds of crafts production, ensuring each order will be taken cared fast and well.